For Publication

Bedfordshire Fire and Rescue Authority Service Delivery Policy and Challenge

Group 16 June 2016 Item No. 9

REPORT AUTHOR: HEAD OF SAFETY AND STRATEGIC PROJECTS

SUBJECT: CORPORATE RISK REGISTER

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Background Papers: None

Implications (tick ✓):

LEGAL		FINANCIAL
HUMAN RESOURCES		EQUALITY IMPACT
ENVIRONMENTAL		POLICY
CORPORATE RISK	Known ✓	CORE BRIEF
	New	OTHER (please specify)

Any implications affecting this report are noted at the end of the report.

PURPOSE:

To consider the Service's Corporate Risk Register in relation to Service Delivery.

RECOMMENDATION:

That Members note and approve the review by the Service of the Corporate Risk Register in relation to Service Delivery.

1. Introduction

1.1 Members have requested a standing item to be placed on the Agenda of the Policy and Challenge Groups for the consideration of risks relating to the remit of each Group. In addition, the Fire and Rescue Authority's (FRA) Audit and Standards Committee receives regular reports on the full Corporate Risk Register.

1.2 An extract of the Corporate Risk Register showing the risks appropriate to the Service Delivery Policy and Challenge Group will be available at the meeting. Explanatory notes regarding the risk ratings applied is appended to this report.

2. Current Revisions

- 2.1 The register is reviewed on a monthly basis during the Service's Corporate Management Team (CMT) meetings and by CMT members between these meetings if required. A copy of the risks relevant to the Service Delivery Policy and Challenge Group are attached for your information and approval.
- 2.2 Changes to individual risk ratings in the Corporate Risk Register: None. All risks that are reported to the Service Delivery Policy and Challenge Group have been reviewed and there are no risk rating changes to report to Members.
- 2.3 Updates to individual risks in the Corporate Risk Register:
 - CRR01: If we do not plan properly for major operational incidents then we may not be able to resolve the incident appropriately and thus adversely affect our service delivery provision: The Service continues to support on-going command and control training with partner agencies supporting multi-agency working and facilitating joint understanding of individual roles and responsibilities. As part of these arrangements an exercise at Cranfield Airport was recently completed testing both Bedfordshire and Hertfordshire Fire and Rescue Service's mobilising arrangements of resources to specific areas within the county with further joint exercises scheduled throughout the year.
 - CRR 02: If we cannot recruit or retain adequate numbers of part time fire fighters, particularly in relation to day cover, then we will not be able to fully crew our fire appliances and thus have a detrimental impact on our service delivery due to the unavailability of our fire appliances: Following on from previous reports to Members the new software system Gartan has been procured and implementation work has commenced. Initial testing identified areas that require further analysis and the Service is working with Gartan to address these; however the existing mobilising arrangements are functioning effectively. To date the majority of the retained stations have now received training in the use of Gartan and have been using the software with further training dates to be arranged.

3. <u>Business Continuity</u>

3.1 As part of the Service's Business Continuity (BC) arrangements a programme of testing is now being developed that will cover all of the Service's BC plans on a cyclical process. The thorough testing of these plans will ensure that in the event of functional or service wide business interruption the Service is still able to deliver vital services to the communities.

SERVICE OPERATIONAL COMMANDER TONY ROGERS HEAD OF SAFETY AND STRATEGIC PROJECTS

Explanatory tables in regard to the risk impact scores, the risk rating and the risk strategy.

Risk Rating

Risk Rating Considerations/Action		
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High risks which require urgent management attention and action.		
Where appropriate, practical and proportionate to do so, new risk		
controls must be implemented as soon as possible, to reduce the risk		
rating. New controls aim to:		
reduce the likelihood of a disruption		
 shorten the period of a disruption if it occurs 		
 limit the impact of a disruption if it occurs 		
These risks are monitored by CMT risk owner on a regular basis and		
reviewed quarterly and annually by CMT.		
These are high risks which require management attention and action.		
Where practical and proportionate to do so, new risk controls should		
be implemented to reduce the risk rating as the aim above. These		
risks are monitored by CMT risk owner on a regular basis and		
reviewed quarterly and annually by CMT.		
These are moderate risks. New risk controls should be considered		
and scoped. Where practical and proportionate, selected controls		
should be prioritised for implementation. These risks are monitored		
and reviewed by CMT.		
These risks are unlikely to occur and are not significant in their impact.		
They are managed within CMT management framework and reviewed		
by CMT.		

Risk Strategy

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Risk Strategy	Description		
Treat	Implement and monitor the effectiveness of new controls to reduce the risk rating. This may involve significant resource to achieve (IT infrastructure for data replication/storage, cross-training of specialist staff, providing standby-premises etc) or may comprise a number of low cost, or cost neutral, mitigating measures which cumulatively reduce the risk rating (a validated Business Continuity plan, documented and regularly rehearsed building evacuation procedures etc)		
Tolerate	A risk may be acceptable without any further action being taken depending on the risk appetite of the organisation. Also, while there may clearly be additional new controls which could be implemented to 'treat' a risk, if the cost of treating the risk is greater than the anticipated impact and loss should the risk occur, then it may be decided to tolerate the risk maintaining existing risk controls only		
Transfer	It may be possible to transfer the risk to a third party (conventional insurance or service provision (outsourcing)), however it is not possible to transfer the responsibility for the risk which remains with BFRS		
Terminate	In some circumstances it may be appropriate or possible to terminate or remove the risk altogether by changing policy, process, procedure or function		